


MERCHANDISE, & CO.
H. HACKFELD & CO.
Offer for Sale
The Following Goods,
NOW LANDING EX
R. C. WYLIE,
—JUST ARRIVED—
From Bremen!
DRY GOODS!
FANCY GOODS, SILKS,
BROADCLOTHES,
CASHMERE,
CLOTHING!
SADDLERY,
HARDWARE,
PAINTS,
GROCERIES!
Wines, Liquors, Ale, &c. &c.
H. HACKFELD & CO.
RUINART, Pere & Fils' CHAMPAGNE, in quarts and pints—just received ex R. C. WYLIE, and for sale by
H. HACKFELD & CO.,
Agents Messrs. Ruinart, pere & fils.
HEIDSIECK & CO'S CHAMPAGNE, in quarts and pints—just received ex R. C. WYLIE, and for sale by
H. HACKFELD & CO.,
Agents Messrs. Heidsieck & Co., Rheims.
MULLER'S LAGER BEER, in pints and quarts, now landing ex R. C. WYLIE, and for sale by
H. HACKFELD & CO.,
GALVANIZED IRON PIPE, 1 1/2 inch and 2 inch, ex R. C. WYLIE, and for sale by
H. HACKFELD & CO.,
ROOFING SLATES, 16 x 18, just received and for sale by
H. HACKFELD & CO.,
WINDOW GLASS, of assorted sizes, for sale by
H. HACKFELD & CO.,
BLACKSMITH'S COAL, FIRE CLAY and PIPE CLAY, for sale by
H. HACKFELD & CO.,
RHINE WINE and CLARET, For Sale by
H. HACKFELD & CO.,
SUPERIOR OAK BOATS, For Coasters' use. Also, a LONG BOAT, all Oak. For Sale by
H. HACKFELD & CO.,
HEMP CANVAS and DUCK, For Sale by
H. HACKFELD & CO.,
3000 BBL'S. NEW OIL CASKS, For Sale by
H. HACKFELD & CO.,
SARDINES, in qr. and lb. boxes, AMERICAN HAMS, in casks, Swiss Cheese, Potatoes, Olive Oil. For Sale by
H. HACKFELD & CO.,
PALM OIL, For Sale by
H. HACKFELD & CO.,
BURLAPS—Heavy and Light, For Sale in quantities to suit by
H. HACKFELD & CO.,
SUPR. ENGLISH ALE and Porter, and GERMAN ALE, in quarts and pints, For Sale in quantities to suit by
H. HACKFELD & CO.,
FOR SALE!
2000 TONS
HAWAIIAN SALT
In Lots
To Suit Purchasers,
—BY—
H. HACKFELD & CO.
JAPANESE BAZAR!
—REMOVED TO—
No. 38 Fort Street.
MRS. McDOUGALL
Would respectfully call the attention of Residents and Visitors to the
CHOICE COLLECTION OF
Japanese Ware!
—INCLUDING—
Many New Goods Just Opened,
Beautiful Straw-worked Boxes,
Japanese Lanterns, Crystal Jewelry,
Porcelain Ware, Embroidery,
Bronze and Silver Buckles,
Seaf Rings, Sticks,
Statuary, Charms,
Inlaid Cabinets,
Fishing Cans,
BAMBOO CHAIRS, CURTAINS, &c., &c.
ALSO—A COMPLETE ASSORTMENT OF
INDIA RUBBER GOODS,
Fine Water-proof Coats and Caps,
Punches, Brushes, Combs, Dolls,
Walking Canes, Drinking Cups,
Telescope Tumblers, Rings,
India Rubber Jewelry,
Teething Rings, Toys,
Naphkin Rings,
Vest Chains,
&c. &c. &c.
All New Goods, Just Received,
—AND COMPRISING—
The Finest Assortment of Rubber Goods ever opened in this Market.
—AT THE—
JAPANESE BAZAR,
No. 38 FORT STREET. [2m]
PAINTS and Paint Oil, a general assortment, for sale by
BOLLES & CO.

MERCHANDISE, & CO.
GROCERIES
AND
Provisions
Fresh and Cheap!
For Sale by the Undersigned,
—VIZ—
SARDINES, in half and qr. cases.
Swiss cheese, about 60 lbs. each;
Westphalia Hams,
Bologna Sausages,
Limburg Cheese.
Crushed Sugar,
in packages of one hundred pounds each.
Dried Apples in barrels
Sardines in barrels,
Sage in Demijohns,
Pearl Barley in demijohns,
HERRINGS,
in kegs of 4 to 5 dozen each.
Sour Cabbage in kegs.
Almonds in demijohns,
Chocolate, Cases Powders.
Superior Fine Dairy Salt,
in oak barrels.
Etc., Etc., Etc.
THEOD. C. HEUCK,
Corner of Fort and Merchant Streets.
BEER, WINES
AND
LIQUORS,
OF
Superior Quality
Received by Late Arrivals!
AND
FOR SALE AT MODERATE PRICES.
Liberal Discount
ALLOWED ON
Purchases of Large Quantities!
DEETJEN & SCHROEDER'S
Celebrated Ale, quarts and pints.
Deetjen & Schroeder's celebrated Porter, in quarts and pints.
Still and Sparkling Hocks, choice quality in quarts and pints.
Fine Old Sherry, in cases.
Superior Claret in cases,
Extra Fine Grandcourt Champagne, in cases and cases,
Sauternes in cases and cases,
Nordhauser Korn in cases,
Doppel Kummel in cases,
Scotch Whiskey, in cases.
Bourbon Whiskey in cases.
Boncamp, Angostura, and other Bitters.
Superior French Brandy, in cases and cases.
SUPERIOR HOLLANDS GIN, in cases and cases.
S. Ryenbende & Son's Celebrated Schiedam Gin, in cases of 12 and 15 bottles each.
GIN IN STONE JUGS, in baskets.
Please examine Qualities of the above and Prices of same, at the Store of
THEOD. C. HEUCK,
Corner of Fort and Merchant Streets.
MESS BEEF!

THE WELL KNOWN BEEF,
PACKED BY
C. BERTERMANN, KAUAI,
Is again offered to
Ship Owners, Agents & Captains,
and guaranteed to be a
Very Superior Article.
The great care given in the selection of the
Best Cattle,
To the Pickling and Packing
With best quality Salts, and being put up in best Oak Provision Barrels, has confirmed the good name and reputation of this Beef.
An inspection of all and every single barrel is invited. Satisfactory references given by permission of parties in town, who for many years have taken this article.
For Sale at the Store of
THEOD. C. HEUCK,
Corner Fort and Merchant Sts.
Honolulu, Nov. 2, 24-2m

A Nine Hundred Carat Diamond.
The discovery of a diamond weighing three-quarters of a pound, and worth, on a moderate estimate, twenty millions of money, would be an event calculated to leave a mark even on this age of sensations. We only regret that we can not quite announce it as a fact. A stone, however, assumed to be precious, and defined in successive telegrams as a diamond, a topaz, and a nondescript, has actually been found in the Australian gem-mine. "The thing," as our correspondent irreverently calls it, is as big as a large lemon, it weighs between seven and eight ounces in the scale, and it might, as people say, be anything for all that could be told. To enable the reader to speculate on the possible marvel, and appreciate the phenomenon at its proper worth, we will try to explain what it means, or would mean, if actually realized. Diamonds are measured by their weight in carats, a carat being four grains. The largest diamond of which we in this country have any practical knowledge, is the famous Koh-i-noor, which in its historical shape, as shown at the Exhibition of 1851, weighed 186 carats, or 744 grains. The new Australian diamond would weigh about 900 carats, or 3,600 grains—just about five times as much. Diamonds, however, increase enormously in theoretical value with increase of weight; so that whereas the Koh-i-noor was computed to be worth, according to the ascending scale of prices, some £2,000,000, the Australian stone would be valued by a jeweler at far more than five times that sum. We need hardly add that such calculations are merely speculative. It is all very well to give the value of a diamond by the rates of a conventional table, but, as no purchaser could be found with millions in his pocket, the estimate is entirely nominal. The real value of a thing is what it will bring, and no stone could actually be sold for a million. In point of fact, this limitation of market values was very soon reached in the late buoyancy of the trade. Up to a certain point the value of diamonds rose greatly about twenty years ago, but when this point had been passed the price remained stationary. The enhancement occurred solely in stones that, as the phrase goes, were "everybody's money." A diamond worth £500, or even £1,000, would fetch twenty or thirty per cent, in addition, but the famous Burgundy diamond, for instance, brought only £20,000—a very moderate price.
It will certainly be interesting to learn by and by what this "reputed" diamond turns out to be, but, as regards the mere possibilities of the case, we may remark, that there is already a "reputed" diamond weighing actually twice as much as the Australian gem. This wonderful stone is, or was, in the Portuguese Treasury, among the crown jewels of the kingdom, and it is known to weigh 1,860 carats. Unfortunately, that is about the amount of knowledge we possess in the case. For the government would never allow it to be examined, and it may only be a white sapphire, or something less. As soon as we come to ascertained facts, the magnitude of the Australian discovery becomes manifest. It is certain there once was, and probable that there still is, a Golconda diamond weighing 280 carats. This stone was carried away from the treasures of the Great Mogul by Nadir Shah after the sack of Delhi in 1739, and in the hands of the Persian sovereigns it is believed still to be concealed. In the exhibition of 1862 a diamond was shown which had weighed in the rough 254 carats, but this was a Brazilian stone of imperfect color. A larger stone than either, known as the Mettam diamond, has but an apocryphal history, though there is probably truth at the bottom of it. Mettam is a principality in the Isle of Borneo, and in the treasury of the Rajah this diamond is said to be preserved. An offer was once made by the Dutch government, of £50,000, and a couple of gun-boats for the gem, but refused, and as a superstition connects the fortunes of the Rajah's family with the safety of the stone and strangers are not permitted even to see it, the facts of the case are as yet unauthenticated. Enough, however, has been said to show what a marvel a real diamond of 900 carats weight would be. Indistinctly the colonists appear to have appreciated the wonder. First, a telegram from the mines announced the discovery, with the news that an armed escort was conveying the stone to Sydney to deposit it in the Treasury; the next dispatch reported that it had been placed in the Mint, and, further, that a banking company had advanced the very modest sum of £700 at a venture. The remarkable thing, however, is, that there should be any doubt about the real nature or quality of the gem. A well known geologist, it is said, had been sent to work upon it, but had not yet pronounced sentence. The fact is that any pawnbroker's assistant could settle such a question in five minutes. To the eye of an expert the mere "play" or "fire" of a stone will disclose its quality, but as the Australian gem is uncut, that evidence is not available. Two characteristics, however, of a diamond, admit of an easy and infallible test—its hardness and its specific gravity. Nothing but a diamond will scratch a diamond, whereas if the stone is only a white or a yellow sapphire it may be scratched by a splinter of ruby. In this case, it would be a crystal of clay instead of a crystal of charcoal, and would still be very valuable; but, if, as is probable, it is simple quartz, the miracle will disappear. Sufficient evidence, however, would remain to show that the Australian diamond mines may be a treasure of unknown treasures. Our correspondent himself had a stone in his hand, fresh from the diggings, which was a perfect specimen of diamond without speck or flaw, of five carats in weight. The value of such a stone in the London market would be £300, whereas it was sold on the spot for £112. We are told, too, that diamonds—genuine diamonds—are on sale by women and children at every cottage, and there can hardly be a mistake, we should think, about the nature of the stones. At any rate, as some of the gems have now found their way to this country, the question of quality can soon be set at rest.
It has been said that the art of manufacturing diamonds, like that of creating gold, might be no impossible invention, but that it would certainly be useless when accomplished. Exactly so it may be presumed that diamonds will lose their value if they once come to be found by the bushel. All, however, depends on size and quality. Very small diamonds are already imported from Brazil in such quantities that at least two tons have found their way into the trade from the American mines. As far as the Australian discoveries are to be classed with these imports, their effect is trifling. If the number of larger or finer stones should prove to be limited, the increase of supply may perhaps stimulate the demand, and be attended with only a partial reduction of value. In point of fact, diamonds might easily fall some twenty or thirty per cent, in value and still be worth as much as they were thirty years since. It is clear, however, that the Australian colonists are carried away by the novelty of the discovery

and the excitement of the idea. They are all dreaming of precious stones. At every table and in every railway carriage—the talk is of diamonds and rubies, emeralds, pearls and topazes, and persons of all ranks are rushing to the mines. There is no reason why these mines should not, like the gold mines, have "nuggets" of their own in the form of prodigious gems; but before we believe in a diamond as big as a man's fist we should certainly like to see it.—London Times October 6th.

THE COOLIE EMIGRATION QUESTION.—Is attracting considerable attention here, and an ordinance for its regulation is under the consideration of the local Legislature. The views which have been able to set forth in our columns, and in other American papers, do not seem to be very popular here, where it is hoped that such arrangements may be made as will purge the traffic entirely of its abuses, and admit of free emigration in such a way as to redound to the benefit alike of the United States and of China. The broad view of the subject seems to be that there can be no question that the Chinese are eminently fitted to become free laborers in the Southern States, being used to a very similar climate; and that if due regulation were made first with respect to emigration, so as to prevent the possibility of any men being smuggled away against their will, and secondly, in order to afford them due protection when they arrive in the States, there will be no reason why the laboring strength of China may not be enlisted in the cause of civilization and progress in the United States. Upon this question Mr. Burlingame held very sound views; and bringing about this result will be a very real and useful attending his mission. Captain Gift is at present staying here with a view to "prospecting" as to the means that can be brought into play to bring the matter to a practical issue; and much interest is felt as to the result of his investigations. He is, himself, sanguine of good results; but, of course, foresees some difficulties in the way. There can be no doubt, however, that if once Coolie emigration be set on foot on a sound basis, there will be a very large influx of labor from this country to the Southern States, where John Chinaman, with all his peculiarities and faults, will be found far superior in every respect to his African predecessor. The Chinese are steady and industrious, and the great thing with them is that they are in the main dependable, and have no desire the moment they make a little money to "have it out" in idleness and dissipation, as the case with the large mass of the negroes. The ship Frederick, which has been loading here for some time, has just sailed with a large batch of emigrants for Peru. From investigations which have been made, the matter appears to be entirely legitimate, and there is no reason to fear that the men will not be properly cared for and just-treated.—Hong Kong letter to S. F. Alta.

THE TARIFF QUESTION.—The announcement in the despatches a few days ago that the President would make some suggestions in his forthcoming message concerning the tariff question, has had the effect of stirring up the free traders and the tariff men. Several of the latter, among them Congressmen Morrill and Scofield of Pennsylvania, have been here interviewing the President on the subject. The tariff men were disappointed at the last session of Congress that no action was taken on their bill, but they consoled themselves with the hope of getting a satisfactory measure put through at the next session. The present law is not to their liking, because its rates are not high enough. The prospect of a recommendation in the President's message to the effect that the tariff law be allowed to remain as it is for one year, is not, therefore, just what the tariff men want. But if the President persists in making allusion to the tariff they would rather have him make such a recommendation than one in favor of free trade. This was the point Mr. Morrill came to urge. It is understood that the President is still of opinion that the interests of the country will be best promoted by leaving the tariff and internal revenue laws undisturbed.

USEFUL PREPARATIONS OF CARBOLIC ACID.—Phenol or carbolic acid is one of the many useful bodies obtained from coal-tar. Its composition is expressed by the modern formula C₆H₅O, and though it forms unstable compounds with certain metals such as potassium, barium, and lead, it has the character of an alcohol rather than that of an acid. It crystallizes at ordinary temperatures, but the crystals deliquesce on taking up a mere trace of water. It smells like wood-tar creosote, in fact, much of the creosote of commerce consists almost entirely of phenol. It does not reddens litmus. Its antiseptic and disinfecting properties are very remarkable and have led to its extensive application to preservative animal substances from decomposition, and will even remove the fetid odour from meat and other substances already in a state of decomposition. Fish and shell-like wood-tar creosote, in fact, the aqueous solution, and their bodies subsequently dry up on exposure to the air without decomposition. We mention these facts, for though phenol has been introduced into the Pharmacopoeia under the name of Acidum Carbolicum. We have reason to believe that the nature and properties of this important compound are not generally understood.

EPHRAIM K. AVERY.—The death of Mr. Avery in Ohio, which we announced last week, brings to mind a tragedy which caused an immense excitement in this vicinity at the time. The fact is, however, that in 1888 a girl named Sarah Maria Cornell, residing in Fall River, was found murdered by the side of a haystack in Tiverton. It was whispered that she had been intimately acquainted with Rev. Ephraim K. Avery, a man of learning and ability, and very popular among the Methodists of that time. In the hands of the murdered girl's mother, a note was found, which read: "If I am missing inquire of E. K. Avery." Upon the strength of this and other suspicious circumstances, Mr. Avery was arrested and tried by the civil court at Newport. The proof being deemed insufficient he was discharged, and was then tried by an ecclesiastical court, which also acquitted him. But that did not settle the question, and the innocence in the minds of the people, and although he continued to preach for several years in the western part of this State, he could not outlive the suspicion created against him, and he finally retired from the ministry, and removed to Ohio to seek the quiet and freedom from annoyance which he could not expect in Massachusetts. The fact is, however, that Avery has led the life of an industrious and quiet farmer at Pittsfield, Ohio, where he died on the 2nd ult., going to the grave with the respect and regret of his neighbors and acquaintance.

THE OCEAN ROUTE.—We learn by recent advices from Washington that, to the application of the Pacific Mail Steamship Company for the Government to double the present subsidy for carrying the mails, in case the company agree to run twice a month instead of once, as now, there is a refusal. The Postmaster General will not recommend an increase, and thinks there soon will be competition enough on the Pacific to induce some other company to put on a line without a subsidy.

MERCHANDISE, & CO.
FOR THE FALL TRADE!
THE UNDERSIGNED
Offer for Sale
THEIR FINE STOCK OF GOODS!
Ex Late Arrivals,
Consisting in Part of the Following—VIZ:
Black and Green Oil Paints,
Linseed Oil, White Lead, White Zinc, Sheet Lead, Sheet Iron, Duck Glass.
Blue Pilot Jackets,
Blue and Black Cloth Pants, Denim Frocks and Trowsers, Blue Serge Vests, Casimere Pants.
Fine Blue Flannel Suits,
Men's Woolen and Cotton Socks, White Cotton Shirts and Undershirts, Regatta Shirts, Cotton Drawers, Fine Blue Flannel, Felt Hats, etc.
Dundee Hemp Canvas & Sail-Twine
Wrought Iron Nails,
Choice Brands of Tobacco*
—ALSO—
A Fine Assortment of Liquors, Ales, Beers and Wines,
—SCHEAS—
Cases French Cognac,
Deetjen's Pale Ale,
Muller's Lager Beer, and
Deetjen's Porter—quarts
Cases Sherry & Port Wine,
Cases French Claret—Pauillac Ducaes
Cases Holland Gin—Key Brand
Rhine Wines, Schloss Johannisberg, Heidenheimer, Giesheimer.
Heidsieck & Co's Champagne, in pints and quarts,
Haut Sauternes—Chateau d'Yquem,
—ALL THE ABOVE—
Beers, Wines & Liquors
ARE WARRANTED TO BE GENUINE,
And of the Choicest Quality.
Liquors either in bond or duty paid, for sale at the Lowest Market Rates by
F. A. SCHAEFER & CO.,
45-2m
H. VOSS, UPHOLSTERER,
No. 5 Merchant Street, OPPOSITE THE SAILOR'S HOME, Solicits the patronage of the Citizens of Honolulu and the other Islands.
He is prepared to execute all orders in the Upholstering line, Furniture repairing, Slip-covering, Stairs, and Curtains made to order and put up; Carpets, Matting, and Oil Cloth laid; Springs and Hair Mattresses made to order; Hay Mattresses and Pillows always on hand. All orders from Ship Masters punctually attended to.
IS THIS SO?
Sound Health to be obtained at last!
The way to obtain Sound Health!
1ST—CLEANSE THE STOMACH from all obnoxious accumulations, which so usually produce functional derangement, and the cause of many diseases. Purify the Blood from all acid and corrupt humors, and you will remove the causes of the greatest kind of diseases which afflict so many of the human family.
A REMEDY, proved by thirty years' experience, capable of effecting such a desirable and its permanent purpose, is still before the public in
WHELPTON'S VEGETABLE PURIFYING PILLS.
This Famous Medicine has proved its value in Diseases of the LIVER, GASTRIC, BOWELS, LIVER, and DIGESTIVE ORGANS, RHEUMATISM, ACIDITY, INFLAMMATION, COLIC, SICKNESS, AND SKIN DISEASES—It being A DIRECT PURIFIER OF THE BLOOD, and other fluids of the human body.
No Handbills given away by Agents.
Prepared and sold, wholesale and retail, in boxes, 25c. per box, and 50c. per box. WHELPTON & SON, 31 Nassau Street, New York, and may be had of Mr. J. T. WATERHOUSE, Honolulu, and of all Chemists and Medicine Vendors in Great Britain and the Colonies.
The undersigned has heard as much in praise of WHELPTON'S VEGETABLE PURIFYING PILLS from persons who have used them, that he can recommend them with perfect confidence.
45-2m **JOHN THOMAS WATERHOUSE.**
Florida Water of the best Quality.
BROWN'S TROCHES, HAMBURG
Tea, Solitils Powders,
A Great Assortment of Essential Oils, Such as Oil Rose, Oil Bergamot, &c., &c. Glycerine, Syringes a variety, Breast Pumps, Nursing Bottles, Trusses, &c., Cocoa Butter, White Wax, Spermaceti, White Castile Soap, Palm Oil, &c., &c.
For Sale at Lowest Prices by
H. L. CHASE.
Sole and Saddle Leather,
Tanned Goat and Sheep Skins,
CONSTANTLY ON HAND and for
WAINKA TANNERY—C. Notley,
A. E. CLEGG, Agent.
PHOTOGRAPHY!
Improvement is the Order of the Day.
HAVING CONSTRUCTED A NEW SKY Light, and made various other improvements, I hope now to be able to suit the most fastidious with
A Photograph of any Size, From a Crystal to a Mammoth, taken in the Best Style of Art, and on the most reasonable terms.
Also, for sale, views of the Islands, Portraits of the Kings, Queens, and other Notables.
H. L. CHASE, Fort Street.
REDWOOD LUMBER
FROM CARGOES ex ETHAN ALLEN, LEGAL TENDER, CAMBRIDGE
and NORTH STAR, consisting of:
Surfaced Boards, 2 to 3 inch, Rough Boards, Tongued and Grooved Flooring, 2 to 1 inch, Pickets, round and fancy, 4 to 5 feet, Scantling, all sizes, Battens, 2 and 1 inch, Siding, Plank, Shingles, &c.
For Sale at DOWSETT & CO'S, Honolulu, Sept. 29, 1889.—35-14
HUNT'S HANDLED AXES. Best quality. For sale by BULLOCK & CO.

MERCHANDISE, & CO.
DILLINGHAM & CO.
No. 95 King Street,
Have Received
EX RECENT ARRIVALS!
An Assortment of Hoyle's Prints,
Ladies' Sup'r White Cotton Hose,
WHITE & FIG'D TOILET QUILTS,
HUCKABUCK TOWELS,
FINE FLANNELS,
White Linen Table Damask,
White Linen Damask Napkins,
Green & Crimson Damask
LINEN CAMBRIC HANDKERCHIEFS
LINEN THREAD, spool & skein,
LINEN FRONTING,
CORSETS,
—ALSO—
Files—Flat-Bast'd, Half-Round, & Saw,
C. S. Firmer's Chisels and Gouges,
Dagger and Sheath Knives,
Butcher's Steels,
Bread Knives,
Seta Carvers,
Table Cutlery,
Wade & Butcher's Razors,
Fish and Shark Hooks,
Sets of Brace and Bits,
Row-locks and Sockets,
Hunting Whips,
Percussion Caps,
Shot Pouches,
CARPENTER'S PENCILS,
FABER'S PENCILS,
SEWING PALMS,
Downer's Kerosene Oil,
Hubbard's White Lead & Zinc,
BOILED LINSEED OIL,
PAINTS, in OIL & DRY COLORS,
And a Variety of Articles,
Too Numerous to Mention,
—TO ALL OF WHICH—
The Attention of Dealers
AND THE PUBLIC GENERALLY,
IS RESPECTFULLY INVITED.
JUST RECEIVED
Per Bark A. J. Pope,
FROM LIVERPOOL!
A Large Assortment of IRON-STOCK ANCHORS
—AND—
Chain Cables,
—COMPRISING AS FOLLOWS—
5 Anchors, weighing from 2200 to 2700 lbs.
5 Anchors, " " 1500 to 1700 lbs.
7 Anchors, " " 580 to 1000 lbs.
4 Anchors, " " 400 to 500 lbs.
7 Anchors, " " 250 to 300 lbs.
6 Anchors, " " 150 to 200 lbs.
CHAIN CABLES,
1 Chain Cable, 1 1/2 inch,
1 " " 1 1/4 " "
1 " " 1 1/2 " "
2 " " 1 1/2 " "
2 " " 1 1/2 " "
2 " " 1 1/2 " "
2 " " 1 1/2 " "
2 " " 1 1/2 " "
2 " " 1 1/2 " "
Cordage,
Best 4-strand Russia Hemp Rope,
Best Russia Standing Rigging, from 4 1/2 to 8 inches,
Best Russia Bolt Rope,
Manila Cordage, size from 1 1/2 to 3 1/2 inch,
—ALSO—
Barrels of Stockholm Tar,
Half-Barrels of Pitch,
Barrels of Coal Tar,
Portland Cement,
Westphalia Hams,
Half-Barrels of Crushed Sugar,
French Olives, Shell Almonds,
French Sardines, lb & qr boxes,
Lard & Purrin's Sausage,
Red Herring, in line,
French Green Peas,
French Mustard,
Pate de foie gras,
English Jams and Jellies,
In Cases, Ass'd Pickles, Curry Powder,
Ass'd English Pie Fruits, in cases,
Raisins, Currants, &c., &c.
BOLLES & CO.
SPUN-YARN, Rattin,
Hosiery, Marlin,
Sewing, Wormlines, Fish-lines,
Signal Halyards, &c., &c.
For Sale by BOLLES & CO.
COTTON DUCK,
Lawrence & Woodbury, Nos. 1 to 18,
Hemp and Flax Canvas,
Nos. from 9 to 7,
Cotton and Hemp Sail Twine.
For Sale by (32) BOLLES & CO.
PORTLAND CEMENT,
Rosendale Cement, California Lime,
California Red Brick,
All in good order, and for sale at lowest prices by (32) BOLLES & CO.
SALMON—200 bbls. best quality Columbia River Salmon, in 1 & 2 lb Cases, packed in Spring of 1889,
For Sale by BOLLES & CO.
Just Received ex R. W. Wood.
MUNTZ' YELLOW METAL,
And Composition Nails, for sale by
H. HACKFELD & CO.
C. W. GREY & CO.,
Hawaiian Soap Works,
At Loloa—Manufacturers and Dealers in all kinds of Soap, Beef, Mutton, and Goat Tallow tallow.
Office, 38 Fort Street, where orders will be received and promptly attended to. [39]

DRUGS & MEDICINES.
R. R. R.
90
OUT OF
100
OF DEATHS, that annually occur, are caused by Preventable Diseases, and the greater portion of those complaints would, if Radway's Ready Relief or Pills, (as the case may require,) were administered when pain or uneasiness or slight sickness is experienced, be exterminated from the system in a few hours. PAIN, no matter from what cause, is almost instantly cured by the Ready Relief. In cases of Cholera, Diarrhoea, Cramps, Spasms, Bilious Cholice, in fact all Pains, Aches and Infirmities either in the Stomach, Bowels, Bladder, Kidneys, or the Joints, Muscles, Legs, Arms, Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Fever and Ague, Headache, Toothache, &c., will in a FEW MINUTES yield to the soothing influence of the Ready Relief.
Sudden Colds, Coughs, Influenza, Diphtheria, Hoarseness, Sore Throat, Chills, Fever and Ague, Mercurial Poison, Scarlet Fever, &c., &c., taken from four to six of Radway's Pills, and take a teaspoonful of the Ready Relief in a glass of warm water, sweetened with sugar or honey; bathe the throat, head and chest with Ready Relief, (if Ague or Intermittent Fever, bathe the spine also,) in the morning you will be cured.
How the Ready Relief Acts!
In a few minutes the patient will feel a slight tingling irritation, and the skin becomes reddened; if there is much distress in the stomach, the Relief will assist nature in removing the offending cause—a general warmth is felt throughout the entire body, and its effusive stimulating properties rapidly course through every vein and channel of the system, arousing the slumbering and partially paralyzed glands and organs to renewed and healthy action, perspiration follows, and the surface of the body feels increased heat. The sickness at stomach, colds, chills, head-ache, oppressed breathing, the aches of the throat, and all pains either internally or externally, rapidly subside, and the patient falls into a tranquil sleep, awakes refreshed, invigorated, cured.
It will be found that in using the Relief externally, either on the spine or across the kidneys, or over the stomach and bowels, that for several days after a pleasing warmth will be felt, showing the length of time it continues its influence over the diseased parts.
Price of R. R. R. RELIEF, 50 cents per bottle. Sold by Druggists and Country Merchants, Grocers, &c.
RADWAY & CO.,
87 Maiden Lane, New York.
TYPHOID FEVER.
This disease is not only cured by Dr. Radway's Relief and Pills, but prevented. If exposed to it, put one teaspoonful of Relief in a tumbler of water. Drink this before going out in the morning, and several times during the day. Take one of Radway's Pills one hour before dinner, and one on going to bed.
If seized with Fever, take 4 to 6 of the Pills every six hours, until copious discharges from the bowels take place; also drink the Relief diluted with water, and bathe the entire surface of the body with Relief. Soon a powerful perspiration will take place, and you will feel a pleasant heat throughout the system. Keep on taking Relief repeatedly, every four hours, also the Pills. A cure will be sure to follow. The Relief strengthens, stimulates, soothes, and quieting; it is sure to break up the Fever and to neutralize the poison. Let this treatment be followed, and thousands will be saved. The same treatment in Fever and Ague, Yellow Fever, Ship Fever, Bilious Fever, will effect a cure in 24 hours. When the patient feels the Relief irritating or heating the skin, a cure is positive. In all cases where pain is felt the Relief should be used.
Relief 50 cts.; Pills 25 cts. Sold by all Druggists.
See Dr. Radway's Almanac for 1889
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Redington & Co., San Francisco,
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And by all Druggists and Country Merchants.
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Will run as a regular packet to the above ports, touching at LAHAINA. For freight or passage apply to
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the greatest article, per 100 lbs. For sale by BOLLES & CO.
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